

Helsinki, 04/07/2012

Final decision: TPE-D-0000002219-75-05/F

DECISION ON A TESTING PROPOSAL SET OUT IN A REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 40(3) OF REGULATION (EC) NO 1907/2006

For pentane-1,2-diol, CAS No 5343-92-0 (EC No 226-285-3), registration number:

Addressee:			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

The European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) has taken the following decision in accordance with the procedure set out in Articles 50 and 51 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH Regulation).

I. Procedure

Pursuant to Article 40(1) of the REACH Regulation, ECHA has examined a testing proposal set out in the registration dossier for pentane-1,2-diol, CAS No 5343-92-0 (EC No 226-285-3), submitted by (Registrant), submission number

In accordance with Articles 10(a)(ix) and 12(1)(e) of the REACH Regulation, the Registrant submitted the following testing proposal as part of the registration dossier to fulfil the information requirements set out in Annex IX:

Repeated Dose 90-day Oral Toxicity in rodents (OECD test guideline 408) by oral route.

The examination of the testing proposal was initiated on 14 October 2010.

ECHA opened a third party consultation for the testing proposals including testing on vertebrate animals that was held from 16 June 2011 until 01 August 2011. ECHA did not receive any comments by the deadline from third parties.

On 2 January 2012 ECHA sent the draft decision to the Registrant and invited him to provide comments within 30 days of the receipt of the draft decision.

On 17 January 2012 ECHA received comments from the Registrant agreeing to ECHA's draft decision.

ECHA considered the Registrant's comments received and did not amend the draft decision.

On 2 March 2012 ECHA notified the Competent Authorities of the Member States of its draft decision and invited them pursuant to Article 51(1) of the REACH Regulation to submit proposals to amend the draft decision within 30 days of the receipt of the notification. Subsequently, one Competent Authority of a Member State submitted a proposal for amendment to the draft decision.



On 5 April 2012 ECHA notified the Registrant of proposal for amendment to the draft decision and invited him pursuant to Article 51(5) of the REACH Regulation to provide comments on that proposal for amendment within 30 days of the receipt of the notification.

ECHA has reviewed the proposal for amendment received and decided not to amend the draft decision.

On 16 April 2012 draft decision was referred to the Member State Committee.

On 4 May 2012 the Registrant provided comments on the proposal for amendment. The Member State Committee took the comments of the Registrant into account.

A unanimous agreement of the Member State Committee on the draft decision was reached on 21 May 2012 in a written procedure launched on 10 May 2012.

This decision does not imply that the information provided by the Registrant in his registration dossier is in compliance with the requirements of the REACH Regulation. The decision does not prevent ECHA to initiate a compliance check on the present dossier at a later stage.

II. Testing required

Pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, the Registrant shall carry out the following test using the indicated test method:

Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) in rats by oral route (Annex IX, 8.6.2., test method: EU B.26/OECD 408).

Pursuant to Articles 40(4) and 22 of the REACH Regulation, the Registrant shall submit to ECHA **by 7 January 2014** an update of the registration dossier containing the information required by this decision.

At any time, the Registrant shall take into account that there may be an obligation to make every effort to agree on sharing of information and costs with other registrants.

III. Statement of reasons

The decision of ECHA is based on the examination of the testing proposal of the Registrant for the registered substance.

Sub-chronic toxicity study (90 days), oral route.

Pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, ECHA may require the Registrant to carry out the proposed test.

A sub-chronic toxicity study (90 days) is a standard information requirement as laid down in Annex IX, section 8.6.2. of the REACH Regulation. The information on this endpoint is not available for the registered substance but needs to be present in the technical dossier to meet the information requirements. Consequently there is an information gap and it is necessary to generate the data for this endpoint.



The Registrant proposed testing by the oral route. In the light of the physico-chemical parameters and the information provided on the uses and human exposure, ECHA considers that testing by the oral route is appropriate.

The Registrant did not specify the species to be used for testing. According to the test guideline EU B26/OECD 408, the rat is the preferred rodent species. ECHA considers this default parameter appropriate.

Therefore, pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, the Registrant is required to carry out the proposed study: Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day) in rats, oral route (test method: EU B.26/ OECD 408) using the registered substance.

IV. Adequate identification of the composition of the tested material

The process of evaluation of testing proposals set out in Article 40 of the REACH Regulation aims at ensuring that the generation of information is tailored to real information needs in order to prevent unnecessary testing. The information submitted in the registration dossier was sufficient to confirm the identity of the substance for the purpose of assessing the testing proposal. It is noted, however, that this information, or the information submitted by other registrants of the same substance, has not been checked for compliance with the substance identity requirements set out in Section 2 of Annex VI of the REACH Regulation.

In relation to the proposed tests, the sample of substance used for the new studies must be suitable for use by all the joint registrants. Hence, the sample should have a composition that is within the specifications of the substance composition that are given by the joint registrants. It is the responsibility of all the joint registrants of the same substance to agree with the tests proposed in the testing proposal (as applicable to their tonnage level) and to document the necessary information on its composition. The substance identity information of the registered substance and of the sample tested must enable ECHA to confirm the relevance of the testing for the substance actually registered by each joint registrant. Finally, the studies must be shared by the joint registrants concerned.

V. General requirements for the generation of information and Good Laboratory Practice

ECHA reminds registrants of the requirements of Article 13(4) of the REACH Regulation that ecotoxicological and toxicological tests and analyses shall be carried out in compliance with the principles of good laboratory practice (GLP).

According to Article 13(3) of the REACH Regulation, tests that are required to generate information on intrinsic properties of substances shall be conducted in accordance with the test methods laid down in a Commission Regulation or in accordance with other international test methods recognised by the Commission or the European Chemicals Agency as being appropriate. Thus, the Registrant shall refer to Commission Regulation (EC) No 440/2008 laying down test methods pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as adapted to technical progress or to other international test methods recognised as being appropriate and use the applicable test methods to generate the information on the endpoints indicated above.



VI. <u>Information on right to appeal</u>

An appeal may be brought against this decision to the Board of Appeal of ECHA under Article 51(8) of the REACH Regulation. Such appeal shall be lodged within three months of receiving notification of this decision. Further information on the appeal procedure can be found on the ECHA's internet page at

http://echa.europa.eu/appeals/app_procedure_en.asp. The notice of appeal will be deemed to be filed only when the appeal fee has been paid.

Geert Dancet Executive Director