

Decision number: CCH-D-0000004534-75-03/F

Helsinki, 11 August 2014

DECISION ON A COMPLIANCE CHECK OF A REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 41(3) OF REGULATION (EC) NO 1907/2006

For xylene, CAS No 1330-20-7 (EC No 215-535-7), registration number:

Addressee:

The European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) has taken the following decision in accordance with the procedure set out in Articles 50 and 51 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH Regulation).

I. Procedure

Pursuant to Article 41(1) of the REACH Regulation ECHA has performed a compliance check of the registration for xylene, CAS No 1330-20-7 (EC No 215-535-7), submitted by **Exercise 1** (Registrant). The scope of this compliance check is limited to the standard information requirements of Annex VI, Section 2 of the REACH Regulation.

This decision is based on the registration as submitted with submission number **sector**, for the tonnage band of 1000 tonnes or more per year. This decision does not take into account any updates submitted after 6 March 2014, the date upon which ECHA notified its draft decision to the Competent Authorities of the Member States pursuant to Article 51(1) of the REACH Regulation.

This compliance check decision does not prevent ECHA from initiating further compliance checks on the present registration at a later stage.

The compliance check was initiated on 24 September 2013.

On 18 December 2013 ECHA sent the draft decision to the Registrant and invited him to provide comments within 45 days of the receipt of the draft decision.

By 3 February 2014 the Registrant did not provide any comments on the draft decision to ECHA.

On 6 March 2014 ECHA notified the Competent Authorities of the Member States of its draft decision and invited them pursuant to Article 51(1) of the REACH Regulation to submit proposals for amendment of the draft decision within 30 days of the receipt of the notification.

As no proposal for amendment was submitted, ECHA took the decision pursuant to Article 51(3) of the REACH Regulation.



II. Information required

Information in the technical dossier related to the identity of the substance

Pursuant to Articles 41(1)(a), 41(3), 10(a)(ii) and Annex VI, Section 2 of the REACH Regulation the Registrant shall submit the following information for the registered substance subject to the present decision:

- 1. Name or other identifier of the substance (Annex VI, Section 2.1.), as specified in Section III.1. below;
- 2. Composition of the substance (Annex VI, Section 2.3.), as specified in Section III.2. below.

Pursuant to Article 41(4) of the REACH Regulation the Registrant shall submit the information in the form of an updated registration to ECHA by **18 November 2014**.

III. Statement of reasons

Pursuant to Article 41(3) of the REACH Regulation, ECHA may require the Registrant to submit any information needed to bring the registration into compliance with the relevant information requirements.

Information in the technical dossier related to the identity of the substance

Pursuant to Article 10(a)(ii) of the REACH Regulation, the technical dossier shall contain information on the identity of the substance as specified in Annex VI, Section 2 of the REACH Regulation. In accordance with Annex VI, Section 2 the information provided shall be sufficient to enable the identification of the registered substance.

1. Name or other identifier of the substance (Annex VI, Section 2.1.).

According to Annex VI, Section 2.1 of the REACH Regulation, name or other identifier of each substance shall be provided. This includes the name in the IUPAC nomenclature or other international chemical name(s) (Annex VI, Section 2.1.1); as well as CAS name and CAS number (if available) (Annex VI, Section 2.1.4).

In accordance with the Guidance for identification and naming of substances under REACH and CLP (Version: 1.2, March 2012)¹ - referred to as "the Guidance" thereinafter, a substance is defined as a Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials (UVCB) when the number of constituents is relatively large and/or the composition is to a significant part unknown and/or the variability of composition is relatively large or poorly predictable. The Guidance also defines multi-constituent substances as well-defined substances in which more than one constituent is present at a concentration >10% (w/w) and <80% (w/w) (referred to thereinafter as "main constituent"). A multi-constituent substance is named as the reaction mass of the main constituents.

ECHA notes that the Registrant has identified the registered substance as a UVCB. However, the composition information, the analytical data included in the registration dossier and the sum of the typical concentration values specified for the identified constituents clearly indicate that the registered substance has a well-known composition. As a consequence, in

¹ http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13643/substance_id_en.pdf

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accordance with the Guidance, the registered substance should rather be regarded as a multi-constituent substance.

Moreover, ECHA notes that the name provided (xylene) and the numerical identifiers used for defining the registered substance (EC number 215-535-7 and CAS number 1330-20-7) refer to a substance containing all the possible isomers of xylene (ortho-, meta- and paraxylene). However, the IUPAC name and identifiers used to identify the substance do not reflect the substance composition. The composition of the substance provided in section 1.2 of the IUCLID dossier shows that ethylbenzene is present at a typical concentration >10% (w/w). As a consequence, ECHA considers that the IUPAC name provided by the Registrant is not representative of the composition of the registered substance, because the presence of the main constituent ethylbenzene is not reflected in the name of the substance.

Therefore, ECHA concludes that the provided chemical name and EC/CAS entries do not reflect the substance composition as reported in Section 1.2 and substantiated by the provided analytical data.

The Registrant is accordingly requested to provide a chemical name corresponding to the specific multi-constituent substance covered in this registration. The chemical name shall follow the generic format "Reaction mass of [names of the main constituents]". All main constituents present in the registered substance shall be reflected in the name of the registered substance. The Registrant shall also specify any available and appropriate CAS number and CAS name reflecting the identity of the main constituents of the substance. The Registrant shall delete from the registration any information referring to different substances than the multi-constituent substance which is the subject of this registration.

As for the reporting of the information in IUCLID, the chemical name shall be indicated in the "IUPAC name" field in IUCLID section 1.1. The CAS number and CAS name shall be reported under the "CAS information" header in IUCLID section 1.1.

The Registrant is requested not to remove or modify at this stage the EC entry currently assigned to this registration for technical reasons, the registration being linked to that EC entry in REACH-IT. The Registrant is requested to include the following in the "Remarks field" of the reference substance: "The EC entry currently assigned does not specifically correspond to the registered substance. This identifier cannot be modified in the present registration at this stage for technical reasons".

Furthermore, the Registrant shall ensure that the molecular and structural information specified in IUCLID section 1.1 (smiles notation, InChI code and structural formula) are consistent with the chemical name and CAS number and CAS name assigned to the registered substance.

Finally, ECHA points out that, in accordance with the criteria for substance sameness specified in paragraph 5 of the Guidance for identification and naming of substances under REACH and CLP, multi-constituents substances with different main constituents shall be regarded as different substances and subject to different registrations under the REACH Regulation.

2. Composition of the substance (Annex VI, Section 2.3.).

The substance composition corresponds to the chemical representation of what the substance consists of and is therefore an essential part of substance identification and the corner stone of all the REACH obligations.



ECHA notes that the registration does not contain information that is sufficient for establishing the exact composition of the registered substance and therefore its identity, as required under Annex VI, Section 2.3. of the REACH Regulation.

More specifically, ECHA notes that the Registrant has not specified any information on the minimum and maximum concentration values of the different constituents reported in IUCLID Section 1.2. Therefore, ECHA cannot conclude on the composition of the registered substance and the variation of these constituents.

The Registrant is accordingly requested to submit information on the constituents of the registered substance and information on the variation of these constituents in the composition of the substance. This information is essential to enable ECHA to have a precise chemical representation of what the substance consists of. The Registrant shall ensure that the information provided on the composition of the substance is consistent with the identity of the registered substance.

Regarding how to report the composition of the registered substance in IUCLID, the following applies: the Registrant shall report the composition in IUCLID Section 1.2. For each constituent required to be reported individually, the IUPAC name, CAS name and CAS number (if available), molecular and structural formula, as well as the minimum, maximum and typical concentration, shall be reported in the appropriate fields in IUCLID. Further technical details on how to report the composition of well-defined substances in IUCLID are available in paragraphs 2.2.1. of the Data Submission Manual 18 on the ECHA website.²

IV. Information on right to appeal

An appeal may be brought against this decision to the Board of Appeal of ECHA under Article 51(8) of the REACH Regulation. Such an appeal shall be lodged within three months of receiving notification of this decision. Further information on the appeal procedure can be found on ECHA's internet page at <u>http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals</u>. The notice of appeal will be deemed to be filed only when the appeal fee has been paid.

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² http://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13653/substance_id_report_iuclid_en.pdf