

Helsinki, 10 November 2021

#### **Addressees**

Registrant(s) of JS\_ETHYL\_XANTHATE as listed in the last Appendix of this decision

Date of submission of the dossier subject to this decision 10/07/2019

## Registered substance subject to this decision ("the Substance")

Substance name: Sodium O-ethyl dithiocarbonate

EC number: 205-440-9 CAS number: 140-90-9

Decision number: Please refer to the REACH-IT message which delivered this

communication (in format CCH-D-XXXXXXXXXXXXXX/F)

### **DECISION ON A COMPLIANCE CHECK**

Under Article 41 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), you must submit the information listed below, by the deadline of **15 February 2024**.

Requested information must be generated using the Substance unless otherwise specified.

### A. Information required from all the Registrants subject to Annex VII of REACH

- 1. Surface tension (Annex VII, Section 7.6.; test method: EU A.5./OECD TG 115)
- 2. In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (Annex VII, Section 8.4.1.; test method: EU B.13/14. / OECD TG 471)
- 3. Growth inhibition study aquatic plants (Annex VII, Section 9.1.2.; test method: EU C.3./OECD TG 201)

Reasons for the request(s) are explained in the following appendices:

- Appendix entitled "Reasons common to several requests";
- Appendix entitled "Reasons to request information required under Annexes VII of REACH", respectively.

### Information required depends on your tonnage band

You must provide the information listed above for all REACH Annexes applicable to you, and in accordance with Articles 10(a) and 12(1) of REACH:

 the information specified in Annex VII to REACH, for registration at 1-10 tonnes per year (tpa), or as a transported isolated intermediate in quantity above 1000 tpa;

You are only required to share the costs of information that you must submit to fulfil your information requirements.

### How to comply with your information requirements

To comply with your information requirements you must submit the information requested by this decision in an updated registration dossier by the deadline indicated above. You must also update the chemical safety report, where relevant, including any changes to classification and labelling, based on the newly generated information.

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You must follow the general testing and reporting requirements provided under the Appendix entitled "Requirements to fulfil when conducting and reporting new tests for REACH purposes". For references used in this decision, please consult the Appendix entitled "List of references".

# **Appeal**

This decision, when adopted under Article 51 of REACH, may be appealed to the Board of Appeal of ECHA within three months of its notification to you. Please refer to <a href="http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals">http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals</a> for further information.

## Failure to comply

If you do not comply with the information required by this decision by the deadline indicated above, ECHA will notify the enforcement authorities of your Member State.

Authorised<sup>1</sup> under the authority of Christel Schilliger-Musset, Director of Hazard Assessment

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  As this is an electronic document, it is not physically signed. This communication has been approved according to ECHA's internal decision-approval process.



## **Appendix on Reasons common to several requests**

## 1. Assessment of your read-across approach under Annex XI, Section 1.5.

You seek to adapt the following standard information requirements by applying (a) read-across approach(es) in accordance with Annex XI, Section 1.5:

- In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (Annex VII, Section 8.4.1.)
- Growth inhibition study aquatic plants (Annex VII, Section 9.1.2.)

ECHA has considered the scientific and regulatory validity of your read-across approach(es) in general before assessing the specific standard information requirements in the following appendices.

### Grouping of substances and read-across approach

Annex XI, Section 1.5. specifies two conditions which must be fulfilled whenever a read-across approach is used. Firstly, there needs to be structural similarity between substances which results in a likelihood that the substances have similar physicochemical, toxicological and ecotoxicological properties so that the substances may be considered as a group or category. Secondly, it is required that the relevant properties of a substance within the group may be predicted from data for reference substance(s) within the group (addressed under 'Assessment of prediction(s)').

Additional information on what is necessary when justifying a read-across approach can be found in the ECHA Guidance R.6. and related documents<sup>2,3</sup>.

#### A. Predictions for toxicological properties

Absence of read-across documentation

Annex XI, Section 1.5 requires that whenever read-across is used adequate and reliable documentation of the applied method must be provided. Such documentation must provide a justification for the read-across including a hypothesis, explanation of the rationale for the prediction of properties and robust study summary(ies) of the source study(ies).<sup>4</sup>

You have provided studies conducted with other substances than your Substance in order to comply with the REACH information requirements. You have not provided documentation as to why this information is relevant for your Substance.

In the absence of such documentation, ECHA cannot verify that the properties of your Substance can be predicted from the data on the source substance(s).

### B. Conclusions on the read-across approach

As explained above, you have not established that relevant properties of the Substance can be predicted from data on the analogue substance. Therefore, your adaptation does not comply with the general rules of adaptation as set out in Annex XI, Section 1.5. and your grouping and read-across approach is rejected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Read-Across Assessment Framework (RAAF). 2017 (March) ECHA, Helsinki. 60 pp. Available online: <u>Read-Across Assessment Framework (https://echa.europa.eu/support/registration/how-to-avoid-unnecessary-testing-on-animals/grouping-of-substances-and-read-across)</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Read-across assessment framework (RAAF) - considerations on multi-constituent substances and UVCBs. 2017 (March) ECHA, Helsinki. 40 pp. Available online: <a href="https://doi.org/10.2823/794394">https://doi.org/10.2823/794394</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment Chapter R.6: QSARs and grouping of Chemicals, Section R.6.2.6.1



# Appendix A: Reasons to request information required under Annex VII of REACH

### 1. Surface tension

Surface tension is a standard information requirement in Annex VII to REACH.

You have provided the following information:

i. An adaptation: "The study does not need to be conducted because based on structure, surface activity is not expected or cannot be predicted."

ECHA has evaluated this information and identified the following deficiencies:

i. You have adapted the information under Annex VII, Section 7.6., Column 2.

Under Annex VII, Section 7.6, Column 2, the study needs only be conducted if, a) based on structure, surface activity is expected or can be predicted, or b) surface activity is a desired property of the material.

You have addressed only criterion a).

Based on the structure of the Substance, surface activity can be expected, because the Substance has hydrophilic and lipophilic moieties.

Therefore, criterion a) is met, the adaptation is rejected and the information requirement is not fulfilled.

## 2. In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria

An *in vitro* gene mutation study in bacteria is an information requirement under Annex VII to REACH (Section 8.4.1.).

You have adapted the standard information requirement according to Annex XI, Section 1.5. Grouping of substances and read-across approach of REACH Regulation.

In support of this adaptation of the information requirement, you have provided the following information for this endpoint:

i. *in vitro* gene mutation study in bacteria (2013) with source substance potassium isopentyl dithiocarbonate (CAS 928-70-1; EC 213-180-2)

ECHA assessed this information according to the requirements of Annex XI, Section 1.5 of the REACH Regulation and identified the following issue(s):

As explained in the Appendix on Reasons common to several requests your adaptation under Annex XI, Section 1.5. is rejected and the information requirement is not fulfilled.

Study design

To fulfil the information requirement for the Substance, the *in vitro* gene mutation study in bacteria (OECD TG 471) is considered suitable.

### 3. Growth inhibition study aquatic plants

Growth inhibition study aquatic plants is an information requirement under Annex VII to REACH (Section 9.1.2.).

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You have adapted the standard information requirement according to Annex XI, Section 1.5. Grouping of substances and read-across approach of REACH Regulation.

In support of this adaptation of the information requirement, you have provided the following information for this endpoint:

i. A key study (2012) according to OECD TG 201 with source substance potassium isopentyl dithiocarbonate (CAS 928-70-1; EC 213-180-2)

As explained in the Appendix on Reasons common to several requests your adaptation under Annex XI, Section 1.5. is rejected and the information requirement is not fulfilled.



# Appendix B: Requirements to fulfil when conducting and reporting new tests for REACH purposes

### A. Test methods, GLP requirements and reporting

- Under Article 13(3) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision must be conducted according to the test methods laid down in a European Commission Regulation or to international test methods recognised by the Commission or ECHA as being appropriate.
- 2. Under Article 13(4) of REACH, ecotoxicological and toxicological tests and analyses must be carried out according to the GLP principles (Directive 2004/10/EC) or other international standards recognised by the Commission or ECHA.
- 3. Under Article 10(a)(vi) and (vii) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision must be reported as study summaries, or as robust study summaries, if required under Annex I of REACH. See ECHA Practical Guide on How to report robust study summaries<sup>5</sup>.

### **B.** Test material

1. Selection of the Test material(s)

The Test Material used to generate the new data must be selected taking into account the following:

- the impact of each constituent/ impurity on the test results for the endpoint to be assessed. For example, if a constituent/ impurity of the Substance is known to have an impact on (eco)toxicity, the selected Test Material must contain that constituent/ impurity.
- 2. Information on the Test Material needed in the updated dossier
  - You must report the composition of the Test Material selected for each study, under the "Test material information" section, for each respective endpoint study record in IUCLID.
  - The reported composition must include all constituents of each Test Material and their concentration values and other parameters relevant for the property to be tested.

This information is needed to assess whether the Test Material is relevant for the Substance.

Technical instructions on how to report the above is available in the manual on How to prepare registration and PPORD dossiers<sup>6</sup>.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://echa.europa.eu/practical-guides

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> https://echa.europa.eu/manuals

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# **Appendix C: Procedure**

This decision does not prevent ECHA from initiating further compliance checks at a later stage on the registrations present.

ECHA followed the procedure detailed in Articles 50 and 51 of REACH.

The compliance check was initiated on 06 November 2020.

ECHA notified you of the draft decision and invited you to provide comments.

ECHA did not receive any comments within the commenting period.

ECHA notified the draft decision to the competent authorities of the Member States for proposals for amendment.

As no amendments were proposed, ECHA adopted the decision under Article 51(3) of REACH.



## Appendix D: List of references - ECHA Guidance<sup>7</sup> and other supporting documents

### **Evaluation of available information**

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.4 (version 1.1., December 2011), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.4 where relevant.

### QSARs, read-across and grouping

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.6 (version 1.0, May 2008), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.6 where relevant.

Read-across assessment framework (RAAF, March 2017)8

RAAF - considerations on multiconstituent substances and UVCBs (RAAF UVCB, March 2017)9

## Physical-chemical properties

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7a (version 6.0, July 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7a in this decision.

### **Toxicology**

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7a (version 6.0, July 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7a in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7c (version 3.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7c in this decision.

### Environmental toxicology and fate

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7a (version 6.0, July 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7a in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7b (version 4.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7b in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.7c (version 3.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.7c in this decision.

### PBT assessment

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.11 (version 3.0, June 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.11 in this decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, Chapter R.16 (version 3.0, February 2016), referred to as ECHA Guidance R.16 in this decision.

### Data sharing

Guidance on data-sharing (version 3.1, January 2017), referred to as ECHA Guidance on data sharing in this decision.

# OECD Guidance documents<sup>10</sup>

https://echa.europa.eu/guidance-documents/guidance-on-information-requirements-and-chemical-safetyassessment

https://echa.europa.eu/support/registration/how-to-avoid-unnecessary-testing-on-animals/grouping-of-substances-and-read-across

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> https://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/13630/raaf uvcb report en.pdf/3f79684d-07a5-e439-16c3-d2c8da96a316

<sup>10</sup> http://www.oecd.org/chemicalsafety/testing/series-testing-assessment-publications-number.htm

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Guidance Document on aqueous–phase aquatic toxicity testing of difficult test chemicals – No 23, referred to as OECD GD 23.

Guidance document on transformation/dissolution of metals and metal compounds in aqueous media – No 29, referred to as OECD GD 29.

Guidance Document on Standardised Test Guidelines for Evaluating Chemicals for Endocrine Disruption – No 150, referred to as OECD GD 150.

Guidance Document supporting OECD test guideline 443 on the extended one-generation reproductive toxicity test – No 151, referred to as OECD GD 151.





# Appendix E: Addressees of this decision and their corresponding information requirements

You must provide the information requested in this decision for all REACH Annexes applicable to you.

Registrant Name	Registration number	Highest REACH Annex applicable to you

Where applicable, the name of a third party representative (TPR) may be displayed in the list of recipients whereas ECHA will send the decision to the actual registrant.