

SCIP IT user group

15 July 2020





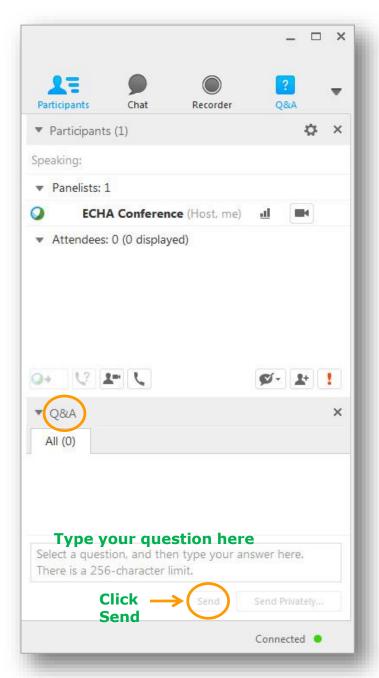
Opening remarks

- Practicalities
 - Webex instructions
 - For the floor, raise your hand
 - To ask a question: use the Q&A panel at any time.
 - Audio recording to support minutes

Additional comments and questions:

scip@europa.echa.eu

Include on the subject: "SCIP IT user group"







Today's agenda

- State of play
- July 2020 IUCLID Cloud Release
- Summer Submission portal release
- Summer S2S release
- New SCIP webpage content
- Caracal-Waste expert group meeting Level of reporting

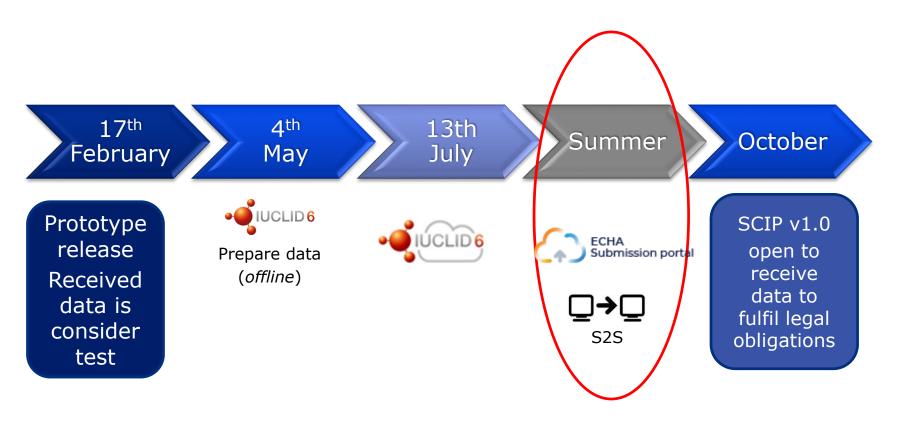
State of Play







2020 - From prototype to v1.0



July 2020 IUCLID Cloud Release





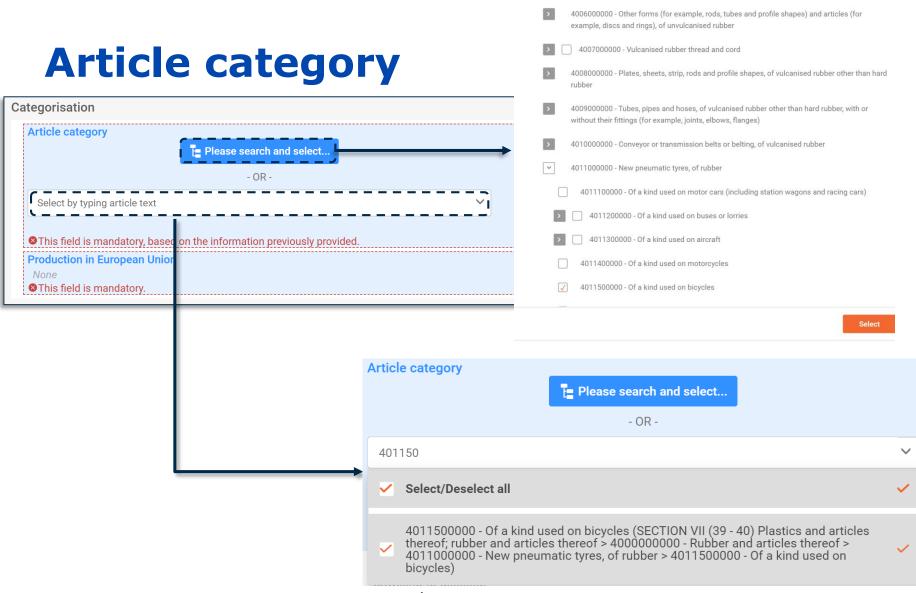




What's new?

- Improvements on UI for Article category and mixture category
- Dossier preparation & 'Referencing'
- Advance Search:
 - Datasets
 - Dossiers
 - Sliding windows to select a complex object component
- Validation report export
- New validation rules (Updated annex will be available in July)





Select Article category

granules obtained therefrom

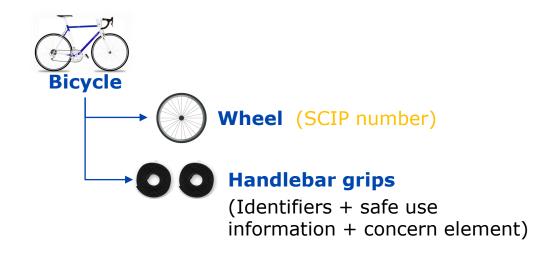
4003000000 - Reclaimed rubber in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip

4004000000 - Waste, parings and scrap of rubber (other than hard rubber) and powders and

4005000000 - Compounded rubber, unvulcanised, in primary forms or in plates, sheets or strip

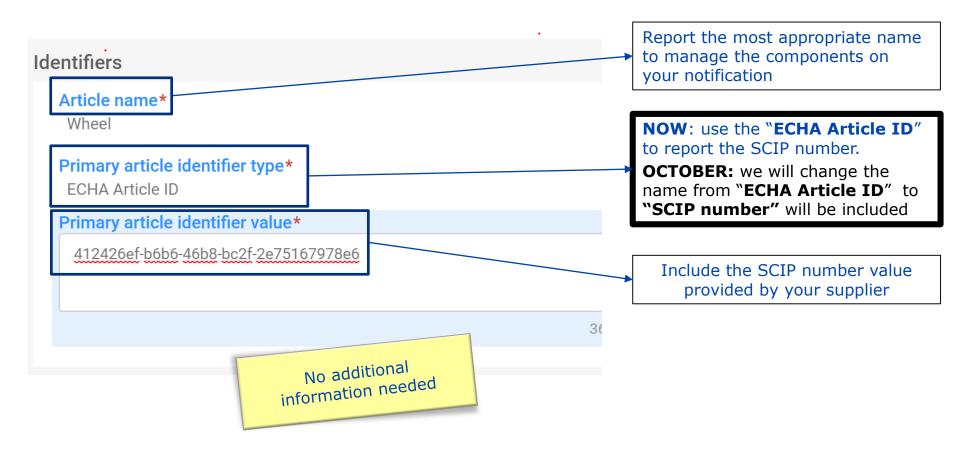


Dossier including 'referencing'





The dataset of the link component:



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August 2020 Submission Portal Release









What's new?

- Simplified SCIP Notification (SSN)
- General improvements: searching, export feature.
- New validation rules required for features to allow the re-use to information already submitted to the SCIP database (SSN and Referencing)

Simplified SCIP Notification





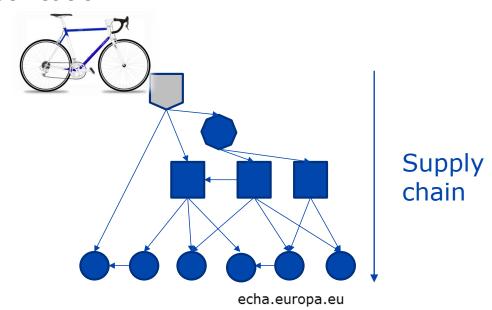






Simplified SCIP notification (SSN)

- Target user: Distributors
- In which situations can it be used? Only applicable if the article/complex object received is the same as the one supplied.
- How does it work? The distributor will submit a notification by referring to data submitted by his supplier. To be done via an alphanumeric identifier that the supplier receives after notification





Basic principles

1. The product received = product supplied



No change on the article

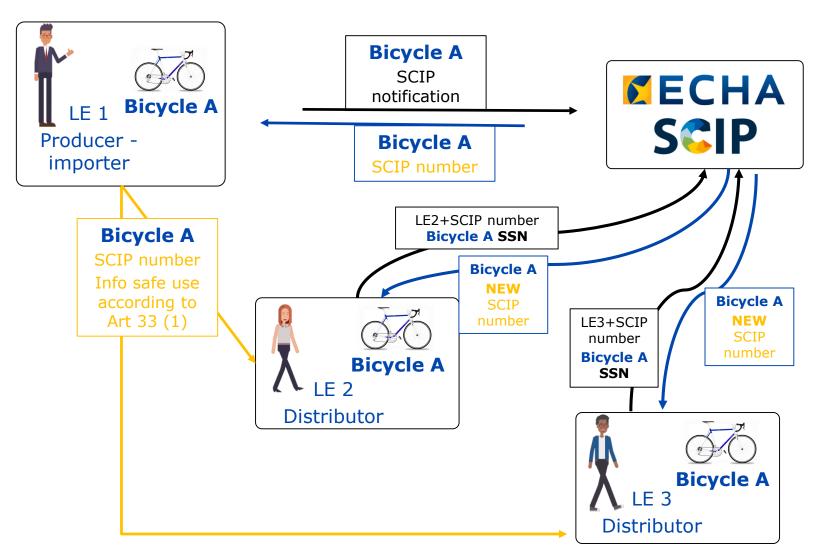
2. No dossier needed in the submission



3. The distributor links to the notification of the supplier and does not need to submit updates



Simplified SCIP notification (SSN) overview

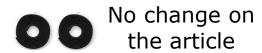




What 'product received = product supplied' means

Articles as such

No change on the physical form nor composition on article supplied in comparison to the article received



Complex objects

No change on the complex object supplied in comparison to the complex object received



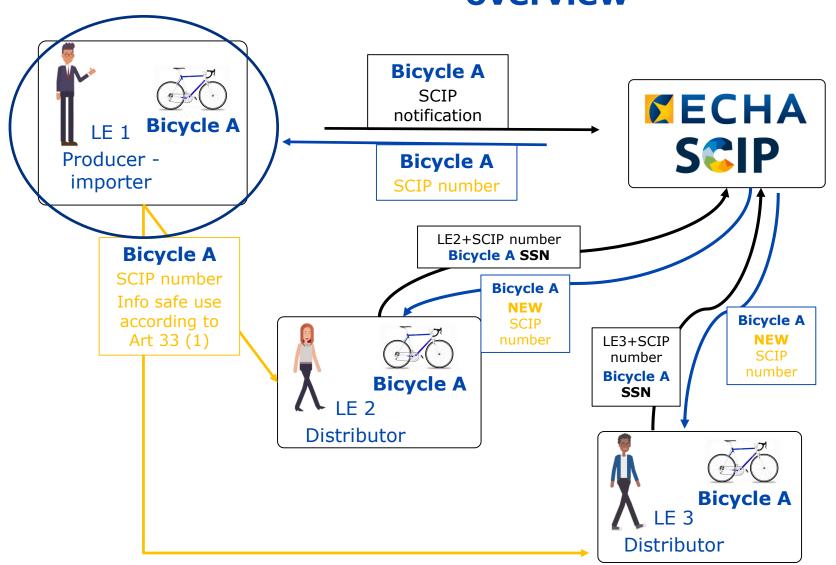
No change on the complex object

+ for both cases

The **identification elements (identifiers)**, i.e. names, alphanumeric identifiers, and article category, of the article as such or complex object (product) supplied **is the same** as that of the article or object received.



Simplified SCIP notification (SSN) overview





SCIP number management

Submission status: Succeeded 🗸

Dossier type: SCIP notification
Submission number: RMH209873-05

ubiliissioii liuliibei. Kivinzu9675-us

Submitted IUCLID version: 6_4

Submission information

Submitted by: Stefan Supan

Submission events

SCIP IT User

ECHA-e68c86



SCIP number 6df89c5f-e28f-4349-9a44-3884bf68bd77 Article name Wheel

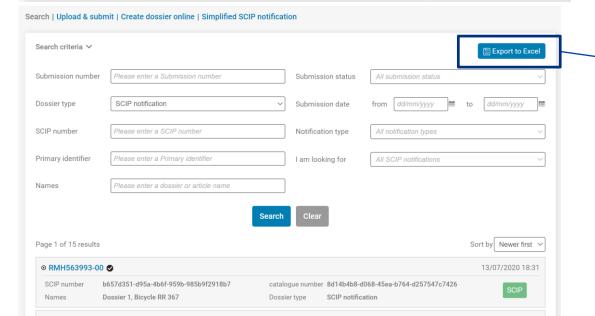
EAN (European Article... 966985755

Dossier name

Dossier UUID 5801b692-de9e-425a-819c-7ff2ccead767
File name 5801b692-de9e-425a-819c-7ff2ccead767.i6z

Notification type Initial

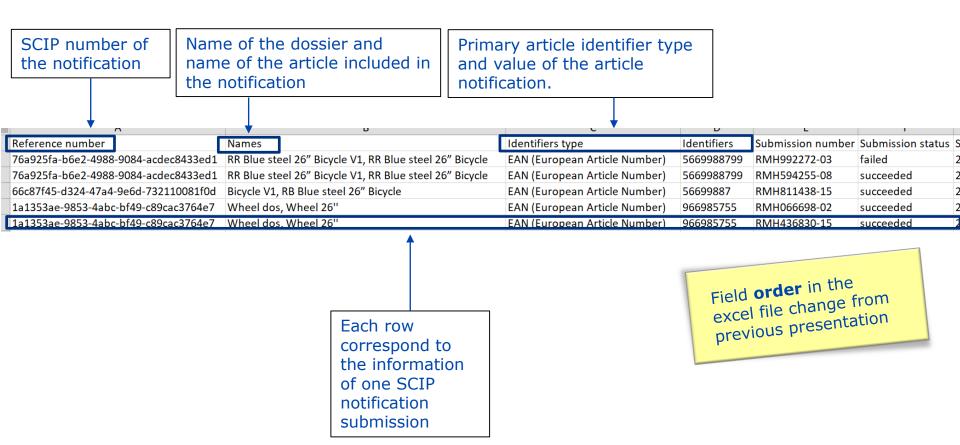
SCIP number available in the submission report



Export to excel feature Submission information e.g. SCIP number

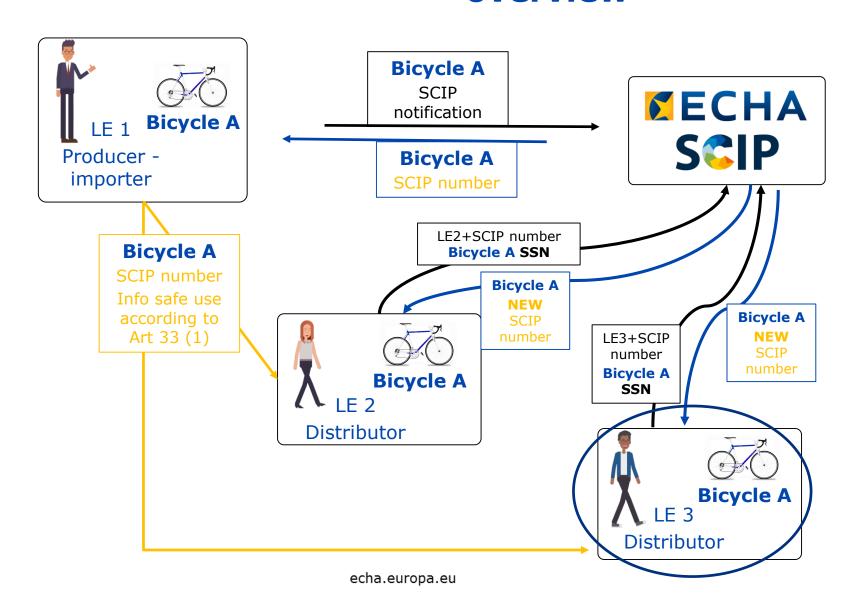


Export to excel





Simplified SCIP notification (SSN) overview



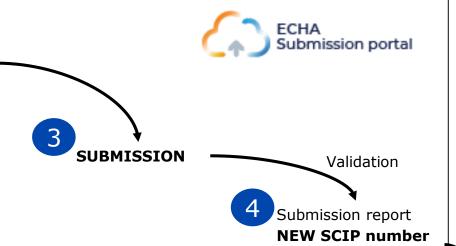


Simplified SCIP notification in Submission portal

Receive SCIP number from your supplier and check the SCIP dissemination website

> Upload SCIP number:

> > - 1-n SSN by uploading .xls with the SCIP number of each article



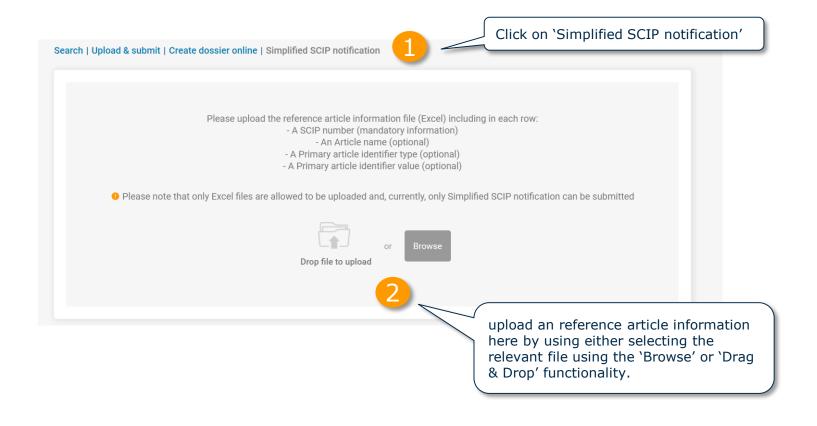
for each article submitted

> Distribute your SCIP number with article 33 (1) info with your

supply



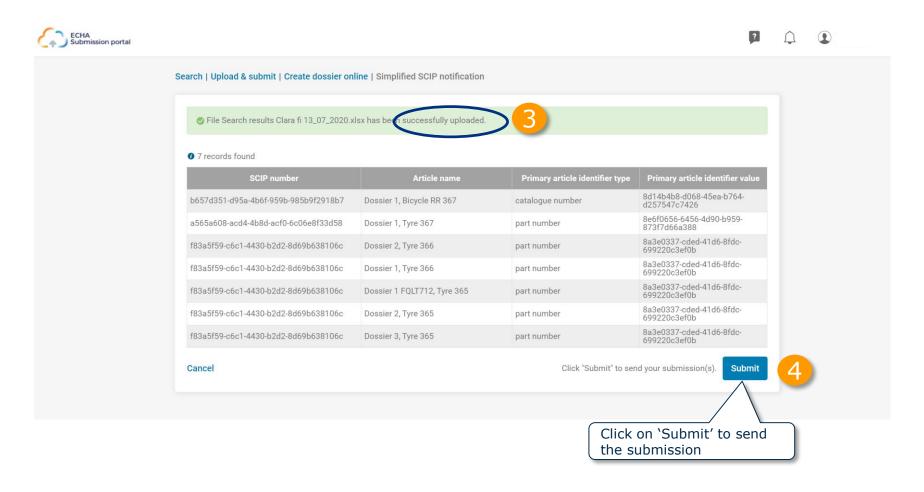
SSN: Upload & Submit (I)



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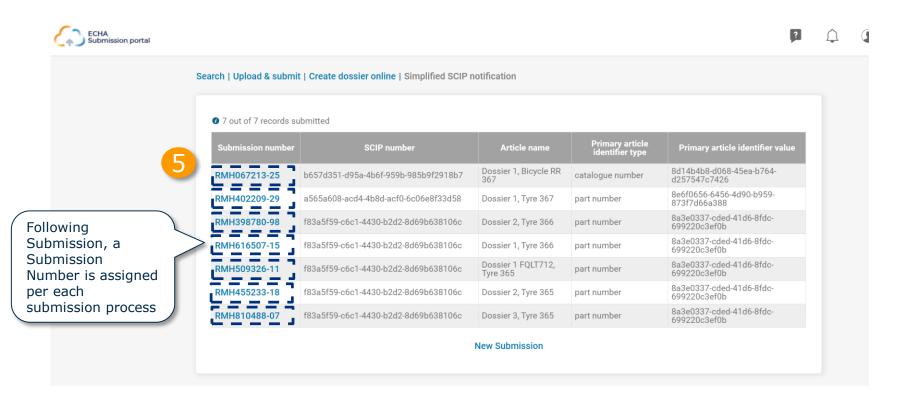


SSN: Upload & Submit (II)



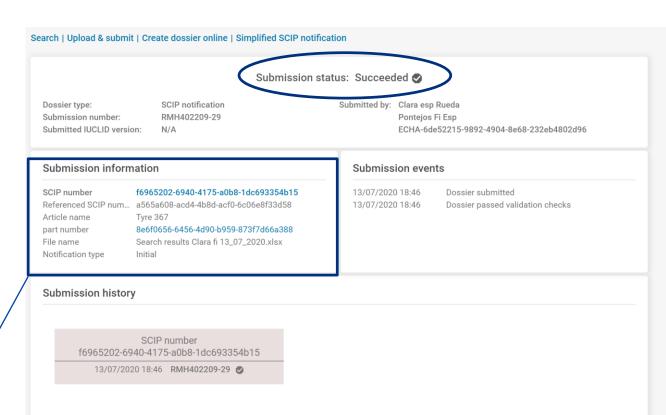


SSN: Upload & Submit (III)





SSN: Submission report



Submission information

SCIP number	f6965202-6940-4175-a0b8-1dc693354b15	
Referenced SCIP num	a565a608-acd4-4b8d-acf0-6c06e8f33d58	
Article name	Tyre 367	
part number	8e6f0656-6456-4d90-b959-873f7d66a388	*
File name	Search results Clara fi 13_07_2020.xlsx	
Notification type	Initial	

NEW SCIP number to be share with next actor in the supply chain

SCIP number from the reference article (from supplier)

Name, Primary article type and value from the reference article (from SCIP database)

Summer System to System Update





S2S status update: Summer 2020

New version of S2S API:

- Will include SCIP number on the response
- New feature to submit SSN via S2S

This service is used to submit A Simplified SCIP notification via S2S by submitting a list of SCIP numbers of the article or complex object you are referencing to.

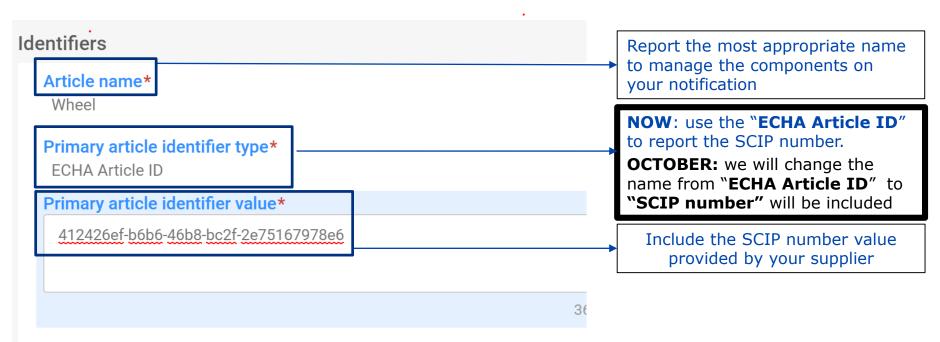
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Referencing & S2S

You can start creating a SCIP dossier including link component by referencing by creating a link component which include:

- Article name
- Primary article identifier type: ECHA Article ID
- Primary article identifier value: UUID





New content on our website

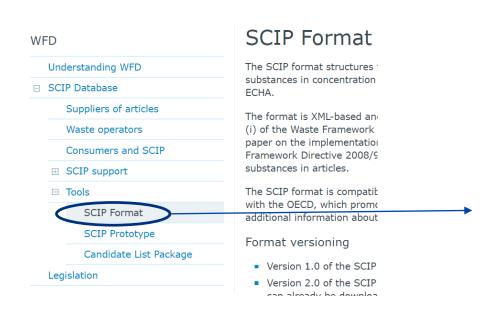
SCIP IT user group





IUCLID formatsupporting document

ECHA > Legislation > WFD > SCIP Database > Tools > SCIP Format



SCIP Notification format:

- ✓ SCIP data Model
- ✓ Preparing a SCIP dossier

SCIP Format

The SCIP format structures the information on articles that contain Candidate List substances in concentration above 0.1 % weight by weight that has to be submitted to FCHA.

The format is XML-based and defined taking into account the legal text of Article 9(1) (i) of the Waste Framework Directive, REACH Article 33(1), the Commission's "Non-paper on the implementation of Articles 9(1)(i) and 9(2) of the revised Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC", and ECHA's Guidance on requirements for substances in articles.

The SCIP format is compatible with IUCLID, a tool developed by ECHA in collaboration with the OECD, which promotes the harmonisation of chemicals data. You can find additional information about this tool on the IUCLID website.

Format versioning

- Version 1.0 of the SCIP format was published in October 2019
- Version 2.0 of the SCIP format will be published in October 2020. A draft version can already be downloaded from this page.

To help companies implement this format outside of the IUCLID tool, the following support materials are available:

- SCIP format
 - SCIP format version 1.0 [ZIP]
 October 2019
 - SCIP format version 2.0 (DRAFT) [ZIP]

June 2020. It includes a word version of the format elements, an excel file with the differences between both versions, an excel file listing the draft fields for the version 2.0 format and an XML file describing the define migration rules.

New!!!

- SCIP format annex Picklists: October 2019 [XLSX] | [ZIP]
 Note that the XML list of picklist values contains all IUCLID phrases, not only the ones relevant for SCIP.
- SCIP Notification Format SCIP data model [PDF] [EN]
- SCIP Notification Format Preparing a SCIP dossier [PDF] [EN]
- Validation rules for SCIP notifications [PDF] [EN]
- Developers' guide to the IUCLID format: in IUCLID, the exchange of chemical information is facilitated through a zip/archive file with the extension .i6z (IUCLID 6 zip). This file contains information concerning all (inter)related IUCLID 6 entities (documents and attachments), in a well-defined and structured format. This guide explains the structure of the IUCLID file to help developers build accepted notification dossiers from their own systems.



Supporting documents (I)

SCIP support

Support materials and questions and answers are available to help companies understand the SCIP database and to prepare their information on articles that contain Candidate List substances in a concentration above 0.1 % w/w. If you cannot find the information you are looking for, you can contact ECHA.

Information requirements



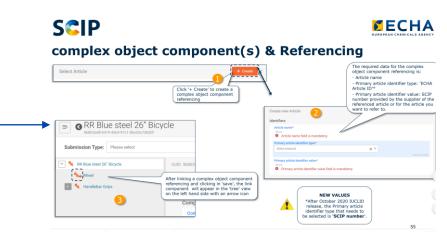
- Detailed Information Requirements for the SCIP database [PDF][EN]
 - Stakeholder consultation on information requirements (Wood, 2019) [PDF] [EN]
- Safe use instructions and the SCIP database stakeholder views and current practices (Wood, 2019) [PDF] [EN]
- Materials categories for the SCIP database
 - Supporting the development of appropriate material categories for the SCIP database [PDF] [EN]

SCIP Database Notifications



- How to prepare and submit a SCIP Notification Dossier [PDF] [EN]
- Validation rules for SCIP notifications [PDF] [EN]
- Dissemination and confidentiality in the SCIP Database [PDF] [EN]

 ✓ How to prepare and submit a SCIP Notification Dossier
 Update





Supporting documents (II)

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✓ Dissemination and confidentiality in the SCIP Database

New!!!

2.1 Information disseminated

Detailed information on articles as such containing Candidate List substances and complex objects (products) incorporating those articles for which ECHA has received SCIP notification dossiers is made available on the ECHA website.

ECHA has established a harmonised IUCLID format for preparing SCIP notifications. Table 1 will summarise which information from the SCIP notification will be disseminated.

Table 1: Dissemination of information from the SCIP notifications

	SCIP notification content		
Notification data	Description	Top level article or complex object	Complex object component
Article name	The name of the article or complex object given by the duty holder. The name should be concise but descriptive of the specific article or complex object notified (e.g. screw, blade, pencil sharpener, digital watch, engine, motorcycle). It is a text field.	Yes	Yes
Other names	Any additional name of the article or complex object (e.g. brand, model) given by the duty holder. Each article may be identified by more than one name. It comprises two attributes: value and type. The type is selected from a picklist and the name is a text field. Other names rather refer to other names used to identify the article or complex object within a family, category or group (e.g. brand, model) than to synonyms of the name provided in 'Article name' field. Therefore, they must be must inserted for articles or complex objects to be supplied to consumers, when	Yes	No



Coming soon



SCIP support

Support materials and questions and answers are available to help companies understand the SCIP database and to prepare their information on articles that contain Candidate List substances in a concentration above $0.1\ \%$ w/w. If you cannot find the information you are looking for, you can contact ECHA.

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SCIP Database Notifications



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 Validation rules for SCIP notifications

Update

2. Validation rules

A business rule (BR) failure leads to the failure of the submission. A quality rule (QLT) warns the notifier of common shortcomings and inconsistencies. Quality rules will not lead to the failure of the submission.

2.1 List of validation rules in IUCLID

Rules regarding whole SCIP notification		
BR702	Same 'Article' record cannot be provided more than once in a line. Circular references are not allowed.	
BR720	Same 'Article' record cannot be reported more than once as 'Complex object component' from the same 'Article' record.	
BR724	"Referenced Article" record should be the last 'Article' record reported in a line. Therefore all the 'Article' records after "Referenced Article" record must be removed.	

Rules regarding 'Article' record		
BR701	The maximum accepted size of attachments (pictures, dissembling instructions) is 10 MB per 'Article'.	
BR723	"Referenced Article" record cannot have more information than the information regarding referencing i.e. only fields 'Article name', 'Primary article identifier type' and 'Primary article identifier value' can be filled in in the "Referenced Article" record.	

 Identifiers

 QLT704
 Other names: If you wish to provide information regarding 'Other names', then



In August

- Updated Candidate List package
- Updated S2S supporting documents with new features
- New supporting document for the new approaches for re-use of data submitted to **ECHA**

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Level of reporting: 'grouping' & 'hierarchy'

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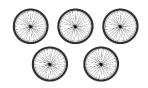


ECHA Articles: REACH and SCIP notification

	Communication in supply chain (REACH Art. 33(1))	SCIP Notification	
Conditions	Substance of very high concern in the Candidate List 'Article' defined under REAC (shape, surface and design),		
Information	Sufficient information to allow safe use of the article, considering all life-cycle stages, as well as foreseeable misuse, recycling and disposal		
Identification	Available on articles/products on shelves/labels, in catalogues, etc.	Needs to be provided	
Format	Not specified Could be re-used?	SCIP format by ECHA	

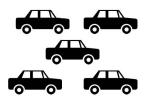


Commercial identification









A <u>large number</u> of a complex object <u>units</u> are usually placed on the market with a common:

- Trade name,
- Brand,
- Model, and
- Bar code number.

For certain complex objects, such as electronic devices and vehicles:

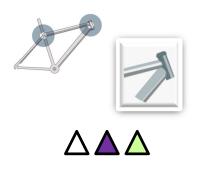
Serial or identification number (for <u>each unit</u>)

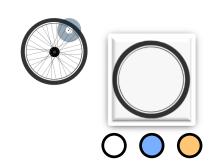


Mismatch between identification and 'composition'



- Trade name,
- Brand,
- Model, and
- Bar code number.







- 3 articles as such with Candidate List substances, each filled colour, expect white, represents a specific Candidate List substance
- White filled symbols = articles without Candidate List substances

27 possible combinations for the bicycle, including one without Candidate List substances _____



One main objective of the SCIP database



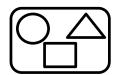
Reduce the content of Candidate List substances in materials and products, including recycled materials

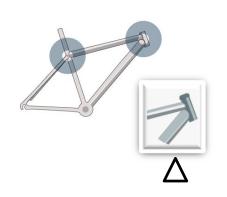
Push for **substitution** of Candidate List substances and **prevention** of generation of waste containing those substances

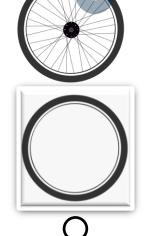


Result:



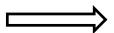








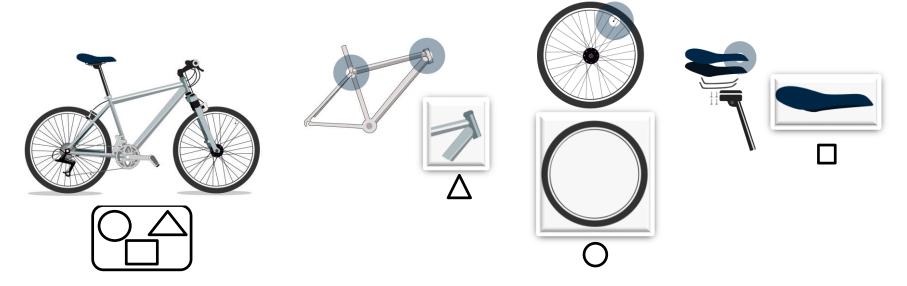
No Candidate List substances I



No need to submit a SCIP notification



Recommendations



- Wherever possible, select suppliers which supply components and subcomponents <u>without</u> incorporating articles as such with Candidate List substances.
- Under the conception and design of a new complex object (product), take into account the possibility of avoiding the use of components and subcomponents incorporating articles as such with Candidate List substances.

Not always possible!

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SCIP format

 One-size-fits-all solution to cover all possible articles or complex objects (products) placed on the EU market





















- Constrains that <u>would fail</u> a SCIP notification submission kept to a minimum
 - Provides a lot of discretion on how to report data to the SCIP database
 - Increases the responsibility of submitters
 - Creates some uncertainty on the appropriate level of structuring and submitting data



ECHA Outstanding questions

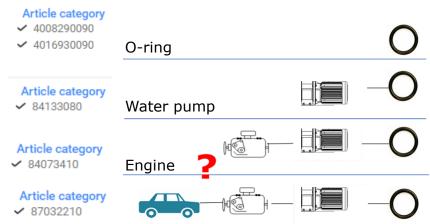
Can identical or quasi-identical articles as such and complex objects (products) be submitted in one notification? ('grouping')



e.g. O-rings

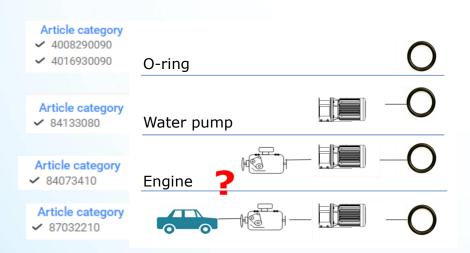


How many layers of components and subcomponents of a <u>complex</u> object have to be reported in order to allow the identification and 'location' of the article containing a Candidate List substance? (`hierarchy')



How many layers of components and subcomponents of a complex object have to be reported in order to allow the identification and 'location' of the article containing a Candidate List substance?

('hierarchy')







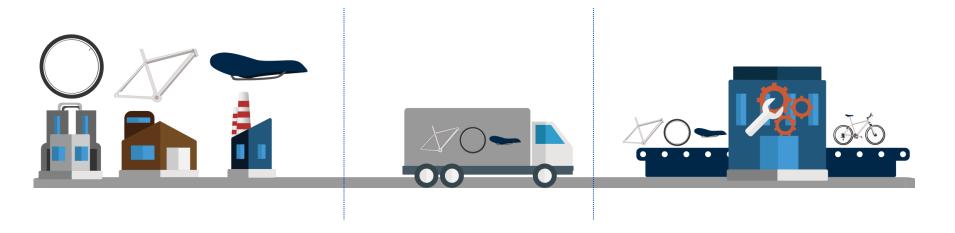






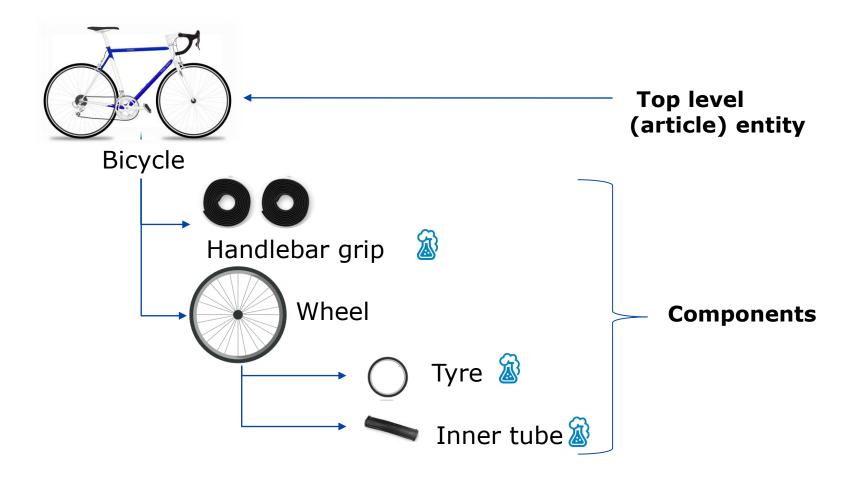
Recommendation

Follow the components placed on the market and incorporated in complex objects at each assembling stage through its **article category** (CN/TARIC code & description)



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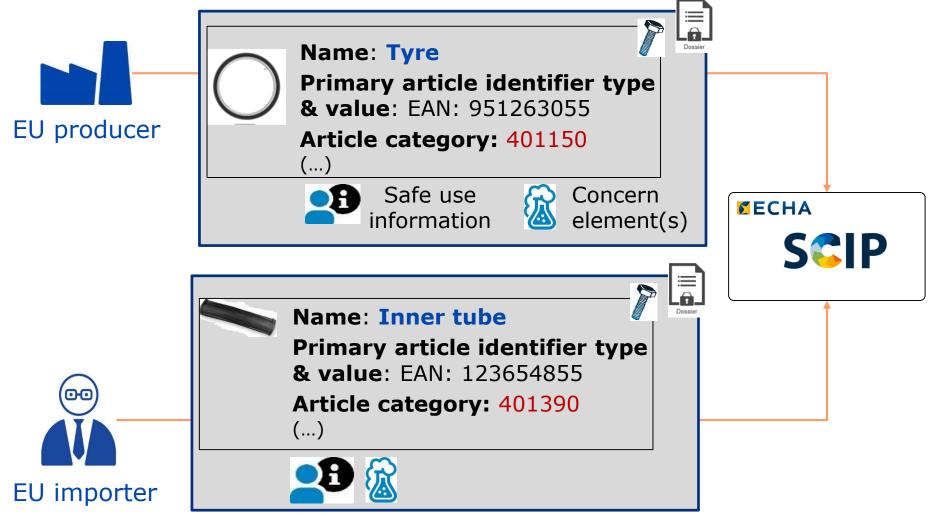




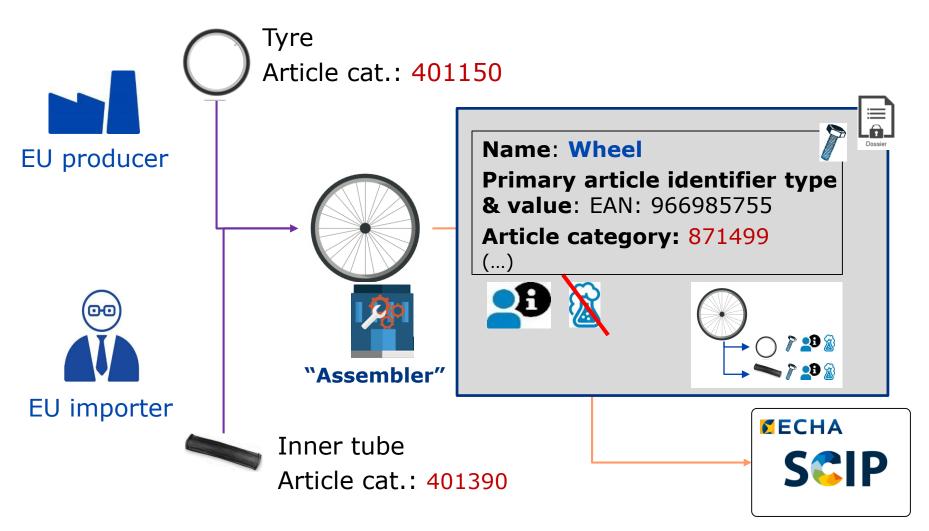
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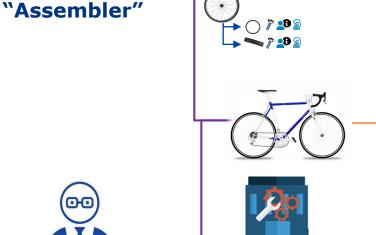


ECHA How does it work?



Wheel

Article cat.: 871499



Name: RB Blue steel 26" Bicycle

Other names: Brand: EUB; Model: Blue steel 26"

Primary article identifier type & value:

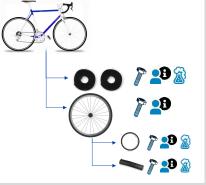
EAN: 56699887

Other article identifiers: Catalogue no. 33-33-66T

Article category: 87120070









EU importer

Handlebar Grip

Article cat.:

"Assembler"

84149990; 39269097



Can identical or quasi-identical articles as such be submitted in one SCIP notification?











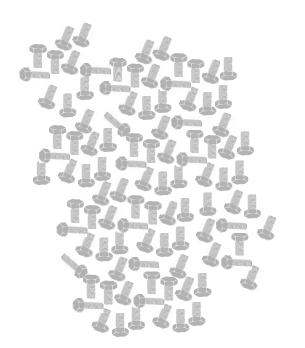




Identical articles as such

Identical articles are articles with the exact same function/use, same physical form (shape, surface and design), and same chemical composition.

They can be submitted in a single SCIP notification by a supplier.



Example: 100 identical bolts

= 100 SCIP notifications? No!

It is generally accepted under REACH that the communication under REACH Article 33(1) is managed as 1 article to cover 100 identical bolts

One SCIP dossier covering the 100 identical bolts

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Quasi-identical articles as such

'Sameness' criteria for quasi-identical articles as such:

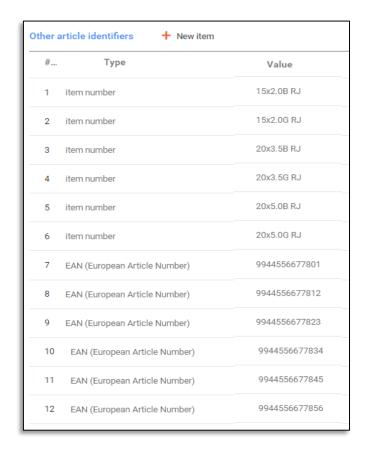
- The articles have the same function or use;
- They contain the same Candidate List substance(s);
- The material that the articles are made of is the same;
- The safe use instructions are the same, which is a logical consequence of the previous two criteria.

Recommendation: articles meeting these criteria can be submitted in the same SCIP notification, provided that the right elements for the identification of each <u>identical article</u> (e.g. names and alphanumeric identifiers) are included in the notification.



Example

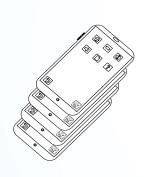




Example: O-rings made of the same material containing the same Candidate List substance, but of different width, diameter or colour

They can be submitted in the same SCIP notification, provided that the right elements for the identification of each (identical) article are included in the notification.

Can quasi-identical complex objects (products) be submitted in one SCIP notification?





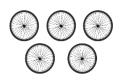
ECHA recommended solution

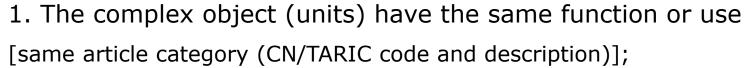




ECHA Quasi-identical complex objects: Criteria

Criteria for 'grouping':



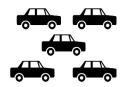




2. The complex object (units) incorporate the same components and subcomponents (i.e. having the same function/use following the previous criterion 1), and the complex object or its components and subcomponents incorporate the same articles as such, which fulfil 'sameness' criteria for quasi-identical articles as such listed in slide 48.



3. The safe use instructions are the same for the complex object (units)

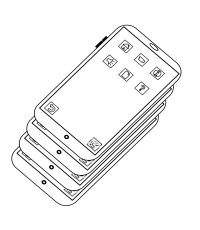


[which is a logical consequence of the two criteria above]

Recommendation: complex objects meeting these criteria can be submitted in the same SCIP notification



ECHA Example: sets of quasiidentical complex objects



Several units from the 649 units placed on the market (according to the commercial identification) incorporate the same combinations of components and subcomponents with articles as such containing Candidate List substances.

Subject to the SCIP notification obligation

Those combinations are the same for different **sets of** the assembled **units**, where those units fulfil the criteria **of** quasi-identical complex objects.

Each of those sets must be submitted to the SCIP database as **one notification** with a **specific primary** article identifier.



ECHA Example: the SCIP identification

"Smartphone 10"

Required specific identification of the "smartphone 10" sets for SCIP notifications					
Primary article identifier	Primary ID	Primary ID	Primary ID		
	(Set 1)	(Set 2)	(Set 3)		
	200 units	350 units	99 units		
Smartphone 10	10-1	10-2	10-3		
O Printed Circuit Board PCB	PCB-01	PCB-02	-		
Ø Capacitor CAP	CAP-001	CAP-002	-		
- Contact CO	CO-0001	CO-0001	-		
	¶ SVHC 1	¶ SVHC 1			
- Casing CA	CA-0002	<u>-</u>	-		
	¶ SVHC 2		DAT 02		
O Battery BAT	BAT-03		BAT-03		
	¶ SVHC 3		¶ SVHC 3		

It is recommended to submit one SCIP notification for each set of quasi-identical smartphones (10-1, 10-2 and 10-3), instead of for each individual unit echa.europa.eu 59



Mismatch between commercial identification and the SCIP identification

Commercial identification				
Article name				
(trade name):	Smartphone 10			
Brand:	BRAND			
Model:	10			
Bar code				
number (EAN):	123456789			
Serial	999350-999999			
number(s)*:	(649 units)			

*Each unit is assigned with a serial number provided with each unit sold. The serial number appears in the package of the "smartphone 10" unit, but not in the supplier's catalogue.

SCIP identification					
Article name					
(trade name):	Smartphone 10				
Brand:	BRAND				
Model:	10				
Bar code number					
(EAN):	123456789				
Primary article	10-1	10-2	10-3		
identifier	(Set 1)	(Set 2)	(Set 3)		
	200 units	350 units	99 units		

No need to submit a SCIP notification for each unit of "smartphone 10" placed on the market, which would be submitting the same SCIP data multiple times.



Recommendation concerning the commercial identification

One of the main aims of SCIP is allowing informed purchase choices for which a precondition is for the user to know a specific identifier enabling to search in the SCIP database for a specific product.

This could be done by

incorporating progressively the SCIP identifier as part of the 'commercial identification' of complex objects placed on the market

<u>or</u>

 progressively adapting in a suitable way the commercial identification of those complex objects, taking into account the submitted SCIP data

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ECHA's recommended approach

ECHA recommends the **grouping of quasi-identical complex objects** based on the criteria listed above.

- It can be considered in line with a strict reading of the legal text and the definition of "article" and the reporting duties under Articles 9(1)(i) of the WFD and 33(1) of REACH.
- It allows to largely reduce the number of notifications to be submitted to ECHA, in particular for simpler complex objects, and thus reducing the impact on industry and ECHA in terms of the data volumes to be stored and processed by ECHA.
- It ensures that meaningful data will be submitted to the SCIP database for consumers and waste operators, by facilitating searches in the database.
- It avoids the submission of the same data multiple times.

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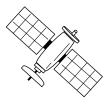
ECHA No submissions for <u>each</u> single unit (1)









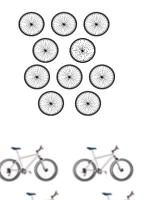


- Submissions for each single unit placed on the market must be avoided
 - except potentially, for (very) very complex objects

In most cases, submitting data for each unit is submitting the same required SCIP data multiple times



No submissions for <u>each</u> <u>single unit</u> (2)



- Information about the total number of units of a product placed on the EU market will be potentially disseminated (potentially commercially sensitive)
 - ECHA is not planning to invest in preventing the dissemination of this information.



Complexity

- May not allow informed purchase choices by actors in the supply chain and consumers
 - Each unit will have a specific `commercial identifier' (e.g. serial number) which frequently is only available after making the purchase.

More far-reaching 'grouping' approaches:

- 'representative article approach'



Not recommended by ECHA



More far-reaching 'grouping' approaches

Among other possible far-reaching grouping approaches analysed, ECHA found that the 'representative article approach' could be the most suitable.

- It is **not recommended by ECHA**, because it is questionable if such solution is still in line with the legal text which requires reporting at "article" level.
 - Users of the SCIP database will only find information that an article or product "may contain" an SVHC, which may not allow an informed purchase choice
 - It may also reduce the pressure on supply chains to substitute or track more precisely the presence of SVHCs in articles

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Representative article approach

- Variation of what is sometimes also referred to as 'worst case' reporting.
 - Consists in the 'worst' possible combination of potential components and subcomponents containing Candidate List substances in a given complex object and reported in the SCIP notification under the umbrella of a 'fictitious' complex object.
- Articles in complex objects with different Candidate List substances in their composition are reported individually in the SCIP notification under a generic identification for those complex objects ('fictitious' complex object inserted in the hierarchical tree of components and sub-components).
- The components and sub-components (and respective SCIP data) under the umbrella of a 'fictitious' complex object are reported with their respective names and primary article identifiers.



Representative article approach: Example

- Smartphone 10 (primary article identifier 10-RAA)
 - Battery BAT-F (primary article identifier BAT-F-01)
 - Battery BAT3 (primary article identifier BAT-03)
 - Candidate List substance 3
 - Battery BAT4 (primary article identifier BAT-04)
 - Candidate List substance 4



- The assembler could report in the SCIP notification the two subsets of batteries (BAT3 & BAT4) under a single 'fictitious' battery identification (name: e.g. Battery BAT-F; primary article identifier: BAT-F-01), regardless whether the concrete battery incorporated in a specific set of units of the "smartphone 10" placed on the market belongs to one subset (e.g. BAT3) or another (e.g. BAT4)

Question concerning the 'representative article approach'

Could it be applied temporarily for certain very complex objects, at a **company's own risk**, while progressively adapting their IT tracking tools and reporting methods to the extent possible by aligning them with the criteria for grouping of quasi-identical complex objects?

It is up to the Member State competent authorities at national level to agree with such approach to submit SCIP notifications





Next SCIP events

SCIP IT user group







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Next SCIP IT user group meeting

4 September 2020 (15:00 – 16:30 Helsinki time.)

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