

Addressees

Registrant of JS EC 306-227-4 as listed in Appendix 3 of this decision

Date of submission of the dossier subject to this decision

25/07/2019

Registered substance subject to this decision ("the Substance")

Substance name: Amines, C12-14-tert-alkyl, mixed sec-Bu and iso-Bu phosphates EC number: 306-227-4

Decision number: Please refer to the REACH-IT message which delivered this communication (in format TPE-D-XXXXXXXXXXXXX/F)

DECISION ON TESTING PROPOSAL(S)

Based on Article 40 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), you must submit the information listed below by **3 October 2024**.

Information required from all the Registrants subject to Annex VIII of REACH

1. Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-day), oral route (triggered by Annex VIII, Section 8.6.1., column 2; test method: OECD TG 408) in rats, with an analogue substance Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates, EC number 279-632-6.

The reasons for the decision(s) are explained in Appendix 1.

Information required depends on your tonnage band

You must provide the information listed above for all REACH Annexes applicable to you in accordance with Articles 10(a) and 12(1) of REACH. The addressees of the decision and their corresponding information requirements based on registered tonnage band are listed in Appendix 3.

You are only required to share the costs of information that you must submit to fulfil your information requirements.

How to comply with your information requirements

To comply with your information requirements, you must submit the information requested by this decision in an updated registration dossier by the deadline indicated above. You must also **update the chemical safety report**, where relevant, including any changes to classification and labelling, based on the newly generated information.

You must follow the general requirements for testing and reporting new tests under REACH, see Appendix 4.

Appeal

This decision, when adopted under Article 51 of REACH, may be appealed to the Board of



Appeal of ECHA within three months of its notification to you. Please refer to <u>http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals</u> for further information.

Failure to comply

If you do not comply with the information required by this decision by the deadline indicated above, ECHA will notify the enforcement authorities of your Member State.

Authorised¹ under the authority of Mike Rasenberg, Director of Hazard Assessment

Appendix 1: Reasons for the decision

Appendix 2: Procedure

Appendix 3: Addressees of the decision and their individual information requirements

Appendix 4: Conducting and reporting new tests under REACH

¹ As this is an electronic document, it is not physically signed. This communication has been approved according to ECHA's internal decision-approval process.



Appendix 1: Reasons for the decision

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Reasons for the decision(s) related to the information under Annex VIII of REACH

1. Sub-chronic toxicity study (90-days)

- 1 A sub-chronic toxicity study (90 days) is an information requirement under Annex VIII to REACH if column 2 of Annex, VIII Section 8.6.1. is fulfilled.
- 2 Also, further studies shall be proposed by the registrant in case of failure to identify a NOAEL in the 28 or the 90 days study, unless the reason for the failure to identify a NOAEL is the absence of adverse toxic effects.

1.1 Information provided to fulfil the information requirement

- 3 You have submitted a testing proposal for a Sub-chronic toxicity study (90 day) according to OECD TG 408 to be performed with the analogue substance Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates (EC No. 279-632-6, CAS No. 80939-62-4).
- 4 The available data (OECD TG 422 with source substance Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates (EC No. 279-632-6, CAS No. 80939-62-4), 2013) failed to set a NOAEL value and therefore "*data available are considered insufficient for a proper assessment of the repeated dose toxicity potential of the source and thus of the target substance, also in terms of classification and labelling*".
- 5 ECHA requested your considerations for alternative methods to fulfil the information requirement for Repeated dose toxicity. You provided your considerations and you applied read-across to fulfil the respective information requirement, and no other alternative methods were available. ECHA has taken these considerations into account.
- 6 ECHA agrees that a 90-day study is necessary.
 - 1.2 Evaluation of read-across approach
- 7 Annex XI, Section 1.5. specifies two conditions which must be fulfilled whenever a readacross approach is used. Firstly, there needs to be structural similarity between substances which results in a likelihood that the substances have similar physicochemical, toxicological and (eco)toxicological properties so that the substances may be considered as a group or category. Secondly, it is required that the relevant properties of a substance within the group may be predicted from data for reference substance(s) within the group.
- 8 You provided the following justification in support of your hypothesis that the source substance and the Substance have the same type and strength of effects: "*Both substances are similar regarding structure and physico-chemical properties. They demonstrate low to moderate toxicological effects in acute toxicity studies and indicate the potential for local effects as irritation/corrosion. From the toxicokinetic behaviour it can be assumed that both substances are absorbed well via the oral route. In case of absorption the analogues are expected to be renally excreted. Moderate distribution in the water compartment of the body but low accumulation is assumed.". The justification document includes considerations for structural similarity, similar metabolic pathways, and similar toxicological properties. The document includes data matrix of the available studies.*
- 9 ECHA understands that you predict the properties of the Substance using a read-across hypothesis which assumes that different compounds have the same type of effects. The properties of your Substance are predicted to be quantitatively equal to those of the source substance.



- 10 ECHA agrees that based on the read-across justification provided and the other information available in the dossier there is a basis for considering the read across plausible. Therefore, you have demonstrated that relevant properties of the Substance can be predicted from data on the analogue substance.
- 11 However, ECHA emphasises that any final determination on the validity of your read-across adaptation will only be possible when the information on requested studies will be available in the dossier.
 - 1.3 Specification of the study design
- 12 You proposed testing in the rat. ECHA agrees with your proposal because the rat is the preferred species according to the OECD TG 408. Therefore, the study must be conducted in the rat.
- 13 You proposed testing by the oral route. ECHA agrees with your proposal because this route of administration is appropriate to investigate systemic toxicity; Guidance on IRs and CSA, Section R.7.5.4.3.2.
 - 1.4 Outcome
- 14 Your testing proposal is accepted under Article 40(3)(a) and you are requested to conduct the test with Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates (EC No. 279-632-6, CAS No. 80939-62-4), as specified above.



References

The following documents may have been cited in the decision.

Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment (Guidance on IRs & CSA)

- Chapter R.4 Evaluation of available information; ECHA (2011).
- Chapter R.6 QSARs, read-across and grouping; ECHA (2008).
- Appendix to Chapter R.6 for nanoforms; ECHA (2019). Chapter R.7a Endpoint specific guidance, Sections R.7.1 – R.7.7; ECHA (2017). Appendix to Chapter R.7a for nanomaterials; ECHA (2017).
- Chapter R.7b Endpoint specific guidance, Sections R.7.8 R.7.9; ECHA (2017). Appendix to Chapter R.7b for nanomaterials; ECHA (2017).
- Chapter R.7c Endpoint specific guidance, Sections R.7.10 R.7.13; (ECHA 2017). Appendix to Chapter R.7a for nanomaterials; ECHA (2017). Appendix R.7.13-2 Environmental risk assessment for metals and metal compounds; ECHA (2008).
- Chapter R.11 PBT/vPvB assessment; ECHA (2017).

Chapter R.16 Environmental exposure assessment; ECHA (2016).

Guidance on data-sharing; ECHA (2017).

All Guidance on REACH is available online: <u>https://echa.europa.eu/guidance-documents/guidance-on-reach</u>

Read-across assessment framework (RAAF)

RAAF, 2017Read-across assessment framework (RAAF), ECHA (2017)RAAF UVCB, 2017Read-across assessment framework (RAAF) – considerations on
multi- constituent substances and UVCBs), ECHA (2017).

The RAAF and related documents are available online:

https://echa.europa.eu/support/registration/how-to-avoid-unnecessary-testing-onanimals/grouping-of-substances-and-read-across

OECD Guidance documents (OECD GDs)

OECD GD 23	Guidance document on aquatic toxicity testing of difficult
	substances and mixtures; No. 23 in the OECD series on testing and assessment, OECD (2019).
OECD GD 29	Guidance document on transformation/dissolution of metals and
	metal compounds in aqueous media; No. 29 in the OECD series on testing and assessment, OECD (2002).
OECD GD 150	Revised guidance document 150 on standardised test guidelines for
	evaluating chemicals for endocrine disruption; No. 150 in the OECD
	series on testing and assessment, OECD (2018).
OECD GD 151	Guidance document supporting OECD test guideline 443 on the
	extended one-generation reproductive toxicity test; No. 151 in the
	OECD series on testing and assessment, OECD (2013).



Appendix 2: Procedure

ECHA started the testing proposal evaluation in accordance with Article 40(1) on 6 July 2020.

ECHA held a third party consultation for the testing proposal(s) from 23 November 2020 until 7 January 2021. ECHA did not receive information from third parties.

ECHA followed the procedure detailed in Articles 50 and 51 of REACH.

ECHA notified you of the draft decision and invited you to provide comments.

ECHA did not receive any comments within the commenting period.

ECHA has extended the deadline from 18 to 24 months to align it with the deadline indicated in the separate testing proposal decision on the source substance Amines, C11-14-branched alkyl, monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates, EC no. 279-632-6.

ECHA notified the draft decision to the competent authorities of the Member States for proposals for amendment.

As no amendments were proposed, ECHA adopted the decision under Article 51(3) of REACH.



Appendix 3: Addressees of this decision and their corresponding information requirements

In accordance with Articles 10(a) and 12(1) of REACH, the information requirements for individual registrations are defined as follows:

• the information specified in Annexes VII and VIII to REACH, for registration at 10-100 tpa.

Registrant Name	Registration number	Highest REACH Annex applicable to you

Where applicable, the name of a third party representative (TPR) may be displayed in the list of recipients whereas ECHA will send the decision to the actual registrant.



Appendix 4: Conducting and reporting new tests for REACH purposes

1. Requirements when conducting and reporting new tests for REACH purposes

1.1. Test methods, GLP requirements and reporting

- (1) Under Article 13(3) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision must be conducted according to the test methods laid down in a European Commission Regulation or to international test methods recognised by the Commission or ECHA as being appropriate.
- (2) Under Article 13(4) of REACH, ecotoxicological and toxicological tests and analyses must be carried out according to the GLP principles (Directive 2004/10/EC) or other international standards recognised by the Commission or ECHA.
- (3) Under Article 10(a)(vi) and (vii) of REACH, all new data generated as a result of this decision must be reported as study summaries, or as robust study summaries, if required under Annex I of REACH. See ECHA Practical Guide on How to report robust study summaries².

1.2. Test material

1. Selection of the Test material(s)

The Test Material used to generate the new data must be selected taking into account the following:

- a) the boundary composition(s) of the Substance,
- b) the impact of each constituent/ impurity on the test results for the endpoint to be assessed. For example, if a constituent/ impurity of the Substance is known to have an impact on (eco)toxicity, the selected Test Material must contain that constituent/ impurity.
- 2. Information on the Test Material needed in the updated dossier
 - a) You must report the composition of the Test Material selected for each study, under the "Test material information" section, for each respective endpoint study record in IUCLID.
 - b) The reported composition must identify all the constituents as far as possible as well as their concentration (OECD GLP (ENV/MC/CHEM(98)16) and EU Tests Methods Regulation (EU) 440/2008 (Note, Annex). Also any constituents that have harmonised classification and labelling according to the CLP Regulation must be identified and quantified using the appropriate analytical methods.

With that detailed information, ECHA can confirm whether the Test Material is relevant for the Substance.

Technical instructions on how to report the above is available in the manual on How to prepare registration and PPORD dossiers³.

² <u>https://echa.europa.eu/practical-guides</u>

³ <u>https://echa.europa.eu/manuals</u>